



2019

All rights reserved. - Date of issue / revision: March 26,

of companies.

Advanced Materials group

Copyright © 2019 The Mitsubishi Chemical

The specific properties of this virgin crystalline PET make it especially suitable for the manufacture of mechanical precision parts which have to sustain high loads and/or are subject to wear.

## Physical properties (indicative values )

PROPERTIES Colour			White, Black
Colour	-	-	wille, black
Density	ISO 1183-1	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	1.39
Water absorption:			
- after 24 immersion in water of 23 °C (1)	ISO 62	%	0.07
- at saturation in water of 23 °C	-	%	0.50
Thermal Properties (2)			
Melting temperature (DSC, 10 °C/min)	ISO 11357-1/-3	°C	245
Glass transition temperature (DSC, 20 °C/min) - (3)	ISO 11357-1/-2	°C	
Thermal conductivity at 23 °C	-	W/(K.m)	0.29
Coefficient of linear thermal expansion:			
- average value between 23 and 60 °C	-	m/(m.K)	60 x 10-6
- average value between 23 and 100 °C	-	m/(m.K)	80 x 10-6
Temperature of deflection under load:			
- method A: 1.8 MPa	ISO 75-1/-2	°C	80
Max. allowable service temperature in air:			
- continuously : for min. 20,000 h (4)	-	°C	100
Min. service temperature (5)	-	°C	-20
Flammability (6):			
- according to UL 94 (3 mm thickness)	-	-	HB
Mechanical Properties at 23 °C (7)			
Tension test (8):			
- tensile strength (9)	ISO 527-1/-2	MPa	90
- tensile strain at yield(9)	ISO 527-1/-2	%	4
- tensile strain at break (9)	ISO 527-1/-2	%	15
- tensile modulus of elasticity (10)	ISO 527-1/-2	MPa	3500
Compression test (11):			
- compressive stress at 1 / 2 / 5 % nominal strain (10)	ISO 604	MPa	33 / 64 / 107
Flexural test (12):			
- flexural strength	ISO 178	MPa	135
- flexural modulus of elasticity	ISO 178	MPa	3300
Charpy impact strength - unnotched (13)	ISO 179-1/1eU	kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	50
Charpy impact strength - notched	ISO 179-1/1eA	kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Rockwell M-hardness (14)	ISO 2039-2	-	96
Dynamic Coefficient of Friction (-)	ISO 7148-2 (15)	-	0.15-0.25
Wear rate	ISO 7148-2 (15)	μm/km	3
Electrical Properties at 23 °C			
Electric strength (16)	IEC 60243-1	kV/mm	22
Volume resistivity	IEC 60093	Ohm.cm	>10E 14
Surface resistivity	ANSI/ESD STM 11.11	Ohm/sq.	>10E13
Relative permittivity ε <sub>r</sub> : - at 1 MHz	IEC 60250	-	3.20
Dielectric dissipation factor tan δ: - at 1 MHz	IEC 60250	-	0.014

## Ertalyte<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Mitsubishi Chemical Advanced Materials

Legend 1)

5)

- According to method 1 of ISO 62 and done on discs  $\emptyset$  50 mm x 3 mm.
- The figures given for these properties are for the most part derived from raw material supplier data and other 2)
- publications. Values for this property are only given here for 3)
- values for this property are only given here for amorphous materials and for materials that do not show a melting temperature (PBI, PAI, PI). Temperature resistance over a period of min. 20,000 hours. After this period of time, there is a decrease in tensile strength measured at 23 °C of about 50 % as compared with the original value. The temperature value when here is thus here done the thermal origination. 4) degradation which takes place and causes a reduction in properties. Note, however, that the maximum
- in properties. Note, however, that the maximum allowable service temperature depends in many cases essentially on the duration and the magnitude of the mechanical stresses to which the material is subjected. Impact strength decreasing with decreasing temperature, the minimum allowable service temperature is practically mainly determined by the extent to which the material is subjected to impact. The value given here is based on unfavourable impact conditions and may consequently not be considered as being the absolute practical limit. These estimated ratings, derived from raw material 6)
  - These estimated ratings, derived from raw material supplier data and other publications, are not intended to reflect hazards presented by the material under actual fire conditions. There is no 'UL File Number' available for these stock shapes. Most of the figures given for these mechanical properties of the materials are average values of tests nue on div test executions.
- 7) run on dry test specimens machined either out of plate 15-20 mm thick or rod diameter 40-50mm, the test specimens were then taken from the stock shape with 8) 9)
- spectmens were then taken from the stock shape with their length in longitudinal direction (parallel to the extrusion direction). Test specimens: Type 1 B Test speed: either 5 or 50 mm/min [chosen acc. to ISO 10350-1 as a function of the ductile behaviour of the material (tough or brittle)] Test speed: 1 mm/min. 10)
- Test specimens: cylinders Ø 8 mm x 16 mm Test specimens: bars 4 mm (thickness) x 10 mm x 80 12)
- mm ; test speed: 2 mm/min ; span: 64 mm. Pendulum used: 4 J. Measured on 10 mm thick test specimens.
- 13) 14)
- Test procedure similar to Test Method A: "Pin-on-disk" as described in ISO 7148-2, Load 3MPa, sliding velocity= 0,33 m/s, mating plate steel Ra= 0.7-0.9 µm, tested at 23°C, 50%RH. 15)
- Electrode configuration: Ø 25 mm / Ø 75 mm coaxial 16) cylinders ; in transformer oil according to IEC 60296 ; 1 mm thick test specimens.

this table is a valuable help in the choice of a material. The data listed here fall within the normal range of product properties of dry material. However, they are not guaranteed and they should not be used to establish material specification limits nor used alone as the basis of design.

It has to be noted that reinforced and filled material shows an anisotropic behaviour (properties differ when measured parallel and perpendicular to the manufacturing direction).

This product data sheet and any data and specifications presented on our website shall provide promotional and general information about the Engineering Plastic Products (the "Products") manufactured and offered by Mitsubishi Chemical Advanced Materials and shall serve as a preliminary guide. All data and descriptions relating to the Products are of an indicative nature only. Neither this data sheet nor any data and specifications presented on our website shall create or be implied to create any legal or contractual obligation.

Any illustration of the possible fields of application of the Products shall merely demonstrate the potential of these Products, but any such description does not constitute any kind of covenant whatsoever. Irrespective of any tests that Mitsubishi Chemical Advanced Materials may have carried out with respect to any Product, Mitsubishi Chemical Advanced Materials does not possess expertise in evaluating the subability of its materials or Products for use in specific applications or products manufactured or offered by the customer respectively. The choice of the most subability of paties material depends on available chemical resistance data and practical experience, but often preliminary testing of the finished plastics part under actual service conditions (right chemical, concentration, temperature and contact time, as well as other conditions) is required to assess its final suitability for the given application.

It thus remains the customer's sole responsibility to test and assess the suitability and compatibility of Mitsubishi Chemical Advanced Materials' Products for its intended applications, processes and uses, and to choose those Products which according to its assessment meet the requirements applicable to the specific use of the finished product. The customer undertakes all liability in respect of the application, processing or use of the aforementioned information or product, or any consequence thereof, and shall verify its quality and other properties.



web: www.polifluor.com email: ventas@polifluor.com

## **DELEGACIONES:**

08830 - SANT BOI DE LLOBREGAT C/ Dr. Josep Castells, 14A - Pg. Fonollar Tel. 93 3003052 - 629344962 Fax: 93 4850311

48003 - BILBAO C/ Monte Ereza, 15 Tel. 944 210701 – 944 210714 Fax: 944 447581

Fábrica y oficinas

Pg. Asteasu, Área G, parc. 99-100 20159 - ASTEASU (GUIPÚZCOA) Tfno.: 943 694119 (6 líneas) Fax: 943 690362

28005 - MADRID Pº Melancólicos, 75 Tel. 91 3663606 - 91 664103 Fax: 91 3669678

41010 - SEVILLA Tel. 629 775449